

DEQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 For assistance, call the Air Permit Hotline - 1-877-5PFR

## PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 4/5/2007

	For assistance, cal Air Permit Hotline		міт										4/5/2007
			Pl	ease see insti	uctions on pag	e 2 before fillin	a out the form.						
Company Name:	Formation Capital (	Corp.			,								
	Idaho Cobalt Proje	ct											
Facility ID No.:													
Brief Project Description:	Cobalt mine and m		NE INCÉE	ACE (DDO)	OCED DIE	PREVIOL	ISLV MODE	LED DIE	ELICITIVE S	OURCES			
	SUMMARY	OF EMISSIC	JNS INCRE	ASE (PRUI	PUSED PIE	- PREVIOL		3.	FUGITIVE S	OURCES			
1.	2.		Air Pollutant Maximum Change in Emissions Rate (lbs/hr or t/yr)										
		PN	1 <sub>10</sub>	S	O <sub>2</sub>	N	O <sub>x</sub>	C	:0	VC	C	Lead	
Fugitive Source Name	Fugitive ID	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr
					Fugitive S	Source(s)							
Ore Stockpile	EP301	0.02	0.00										
1200-LD-201- Tram Bin to Coarse	EP302	0.11	0.15										
Loader grab from Coarse Ore Stoo	EP303	0.04	0.07										
Waste Rock Stockpile	EP401	0.01	0.00										
1200-LD-201- Tram Bin to Waste I	EP402	0.11	0.07										
Loader grab from Waste Rock Sto	EP403	0.01	0.03										
Loader dump Waste Rock Stockpi	EP404	0.01	0.03										
Conc bldg tailings pile	EP501	0.00	0.00										
Loader grab from Tailings Stockpil	EP502	0.00	0.00							21	:		
Loader dump Tailings to Truck	EP503	0.00	0.00			ļ							
TWSF Waste Rock truck dumping	EP601	0.00	0.00			<u> </u>							
TWSF area management	EP602	0.28	0.20										
TWSF wind eroision	EP603	2.56	5.60										
Truck Dumps Tailings TWSF	EP604	0.00	0.00										
Roads (max of 3 scenarios)	EP901 or 902	3.82	5.74			1							
Loader Traffic	EP1001	0.15	0.25										
1200-BN-201 - Mined Rock to Trar		0.00	0.00										
1200-FE-201 - Bin to Tram	EP1102	0.11	0.22										
Loader drop to Primary Crusher fee		0.04	0.07										
1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (in)	EP1401	0.00	0.00										
1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (out) f	1	0.00	0.00										
Cement Silo (in)	EP1501	0.01	0.00			1							
Cement Silo (out) fully enclosed	EP1502	0.00	0.00			1				<u> </u>			
Underground emissions from mine	P1601 or 3001	1.58	1.72							1		<u> </u>	



Total

DEQ AIR QUALITY PROGRAM 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 For assistance, call the

### PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION

Revision 3 4/5/2007

	Air Permit Hotline	e - 1-877-5PER	MIT										4/5/2007
			PI	ease see instru	ıctions on page	e 2 before filling	out the form.						
Company Name:	Formation Capital	Corp.											
Facility Name:_	Idaho Cobalt Proje	ect											
Facility ID No.:													
Brief Project Description:	Cobalt mine and m												
	SUMMARY	OF EMISSI	ONS INCRE	ASE (PROP	OSED PTE	- PREVIOUS	SLY MODEL	.ED PTE) - F	UGITIVE S	OURCES			
1.	2.		3. Air Pollutant Maximum Change in Emissions Rate (lbs/hr or t/yr)										
		PN	/I <sub>10</sub>	S	02	NO	o <sub>x</sub>	C	)	VC	C	Le	ad
Fugitive Source Name	Fugitive ID	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr
					Fugitive S	ource(s)							
Load /Unload at Topsoil stockpile	EP1701	0.00	0.00				-						
Topsoil Stockpile	EP1702	0.29	0.01	0.57	0.55	4.82	4.69	18.98	18.48				
Truck Dump Crusher Ore Pile (no	EP1301	0.00	0.00										
Mined Rock truck dump (no tram s	EP1303	0.00	0.00										<u> </u>
Loader grab from mined rock pile (	EP1304	0.05	0.10										
Mined Rock stockpile (no tram sce	EP1302	0.01	0.00										
Truck Dump Crusher Ore Pile (no	EP2001	0.00	0.00										

0.55

0.57

14.27

9.20

4.82

4.69

18.98

18.48

	DEQ AIR QUALIT 1410 N. Hilton, Bo For assistance, cal Air Permit Hotline	ise, ID 83706 II the	83706							UCT APPL	ICATION Revision 3 4/5/2007		
			PI	lease see instri	uctions on page	e 2 before filling	g out the form.						
Company Name:	Formation Capital	Corp.											
Facility Name:	Idaho Cobalt Proje	ect											
Facility ID No.:													
Brief Project Description:	Cobalt mine and m	rill.											
	SUMMARY	OF EMISSI	ONS INCRE	ASE (PROF	POSED PTE	- PREVIOU	SLY MODE	LED PTE) - l	FUGITIVE S	OURCES			
1.	2.				Air Pollut	ant Maximu	ım Change	3. in Emission	s Rate (lbs/	hr or t/yr)			
		PI	PM <sub>10</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>X</sub> CO VOC Lead										
Fugitive Source Name	Fugitive ID	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr	lb/hr	T/yr
					Fugitive S	ource(s)							

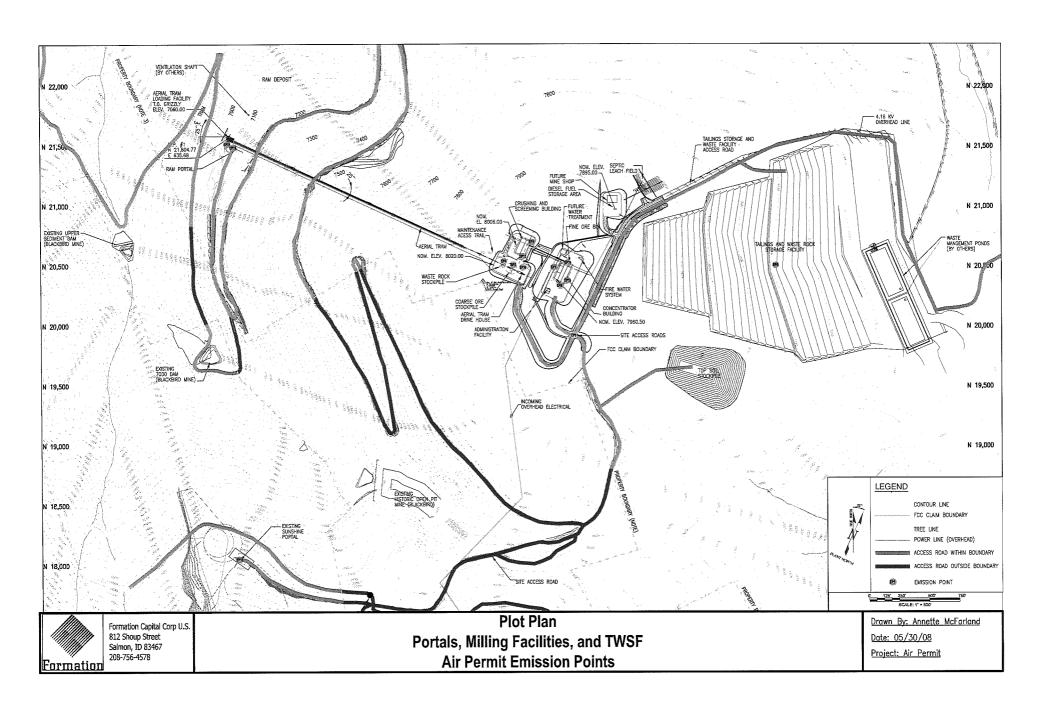
Instructions for Form El-CP4

This form is designed to provide the permit writer and air quality modeler with a summary of the change in criteria pollutant emissions of each emission unit/point associated with this permit application. This information may be used by the IDEQ to perform an air quality analysis or to review an air quality analysis submitted with the permit application or requested by the IDEQ.

Please fill in the same company name, facility name, facility ID Number, and brief project description as on Form CS in the boxes provided. This is useful in case any pages of the application get separated.

- 1. Provide the name of the emission unit. This name should match names on other submittals to IDEQ and within this application.
- 2. Provide the identification number for the fugitive source. This ID should match IDs on other submittals to IDEQ and within this application.
- 3. Provide the increase in emissions in pounds per hour and tons per year for all criteria pollutants emitted by this fugitive source. In this form, increase in emissions for an emission unit are the proposed PTE Previously modeled PTE. If the fugitive source has or will have control equipment or some other proposed permit limitation such as hours of operation or material usage, the control efficiency or proposed permit limit(s) may be used in calculating proposed potential to emit.

NOTE: Attach a separate sheet of paper, or electronic file, to provide additional documentation on the development of the emission rates. Documentation can include emissions factors, throughput, and example calculations.



## Form MI

All information required for form MI, all pages, is included in the modeling report in Section 7.0 (BPIP building data in Attachment 4 of Appendix E). This information is also included on the electronic data files submitted on CD-ROM.



## **PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT APPLICATION**

Revision 3 03/26/07

Please see instructions on page 2 before filling out the form.

	DENTIFICATION	1				
Company Name:	Facility Name:			Facility ID No:		
Formation Capital Corporation, U.S.	Idaho Cobalt Pi	roject				
Brief Project Description: Cobalt mine and mi	II.					
APPLIC	ABILITY DETER	RMINATION				
Will this project be subject to 1990 CAA Section 112(g)?		⊠ NO	☐ YES	<b>*</b>		
(Case-by-Case MACT)		* If YES, applica case MACT dete	ation for a case-by- (3)"b" (8)]			
Will this project be subject to a New Source Performance Stan     (40 CFB post 60)	dard?	⊠ NO □ YES*				
(40 CFR part 60)		*If YES, please i	identify sub-part:	-		
<ol> <li>Will this project be subject to a MACT (<u>Maximum Achievable Qregulation?</u></li> </ol>	control Technology)	⊠ NO	☐ YES	S*		
(40 CFR part 63)		*If YES, please identify sub-part:				
THIS ONLY APPLIES IF THE PROJECT EMITS A HAZARDOUS AIR POLLU	TANT					
4. Will this project be subject to a NESHAP (National Emission S	tandards for	⊠ NO	☐ YES	)*		
<u>H</u> azardous <u>Air P</u> ollutants) regulation? (40 CFR part 61)		*If YES, please i	identify sub-part:	-		
5. Will this project be subject to PSD (Prevention of Significant Do. (40 CFR section 52.21)	eterioration)?	⊠ NO	☐ YES	3		
		⊠ NO	S*			
Was netting done for this project to avoid PSD?		*If YES, please attach netting calculations				
IF YOU ARE UNSURE HOW TO ANSWER ANY	OF THESE QUE		THE AIR PERMIT H	IOTLINE AT		

## Appendix B

## **Equipment List**

Source ID	Source
EP101	1900-GE-901 - Generator
EP201	1200-DC-201 - Crushing Dust Collector
EP301	Ore Stockpile
EP302	1200-LD-201- Tram Bin to Coarse Ore Stockpile
EP303	Loader grab from Coarse Ore Stockpile
EP401	Waste Rock Stockpile
EP402	1200-LD-201- Tram Bin to Waste Rock Stockpile
EP403	Loader grab from Waste Rock Stockpile
EP404	Loader dump Waste Rock Stockpile into Truck
EP501	Conc bldg tailings pile
EP502	Loader grab from Tailings Stockpile
EP503	Loader dump Tailings to Truck
EP601	TWSF Waste Rock truck dumping
EP602	TWSF area management
EP603	TWSF wind erosion
EP604	Truck Dumps Tailings TWSF
EP901	Roads (tram scenario)
EP901	Roads (no tram scenario)
EP902	Roads (Sunshine Portal scenario)
EP1001	Loader Traffic
EP1101	1200-BN-201 - Mined Rock to Tram Bin
EP1102	1200-FE-201 - Bin to Tram
EP1201	Loader drop to Primary Crusher feed bin
EP1301	Mined Rock truck dump
EP1302	Mined Rock stockpile
EP1303	Loader grab from mined rock pile
EP1304	Loader drop to Truck
EP1401	1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (in)
EP1402	1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (out) fully enclosed
EP1501	1400-SI-401 - Cement Silo (in)
EP1502	1400-SI-401 - Cement Silo (out) fully enclosed

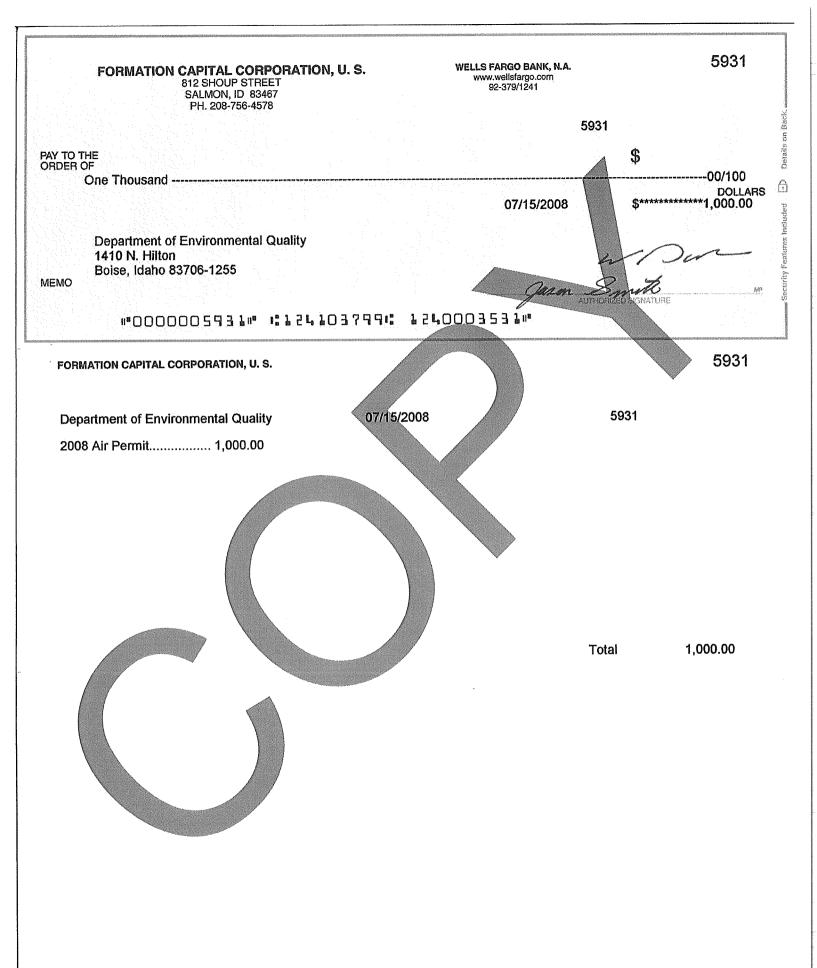
Source ID	Source
EP1601	Underground emissions vented from Ram Portal
EP1701	Load /Unload at Topsoil stockpile
EP1702	Topsoil Stockpile
EP2001	Truck Dump Crusher Ore Pile (no tram scenario)
EP 3001	Underground emissions vented from Sunshine portal

Notes:

- Universally represents tram scenario only emissions
   Universally represents no tram scenario only emissions
- 3. Universally represents Sunshine portal only

## Appendix C

## Application Fee, and Affidavit of Publication for Informational Meeting Announcement



Get fast



First Insertion ... 30¢ per word\* 2 and 3 Insertions ... 28¢ per word . 24¢ per word Bold Type .. .... 5¢ per word (\*\$4.50 Minimum on all insertions)

Payment must accompany all orders unless the customer has established an advertising account with The Recorder Herald.

Classified Display - \$5.25 Col./Inch Card Of Thanks - \$4:90 and up Call (208) 756-2221

#### FOR SALE

2002 Chevy Silverado, 4wd pickup, 2500 HD, ext. Cab, one owner, 89,000 miles, \$11,000, call 756-4268. S-7-3-2tp Three wheel Honda, Powder River horse rack for a pickup, swamp cooler, phone

evenings (208) 894-2467. S-6-26-3tm For sale - four-year-old Molly mule, trained to pack, 879-5559. S-7-3-2tp Haulmark enclosed cargo trailers, flat-bed.

dump, ATV trailers. Drive a little save a lot. Northwest Trailer Sales, Hamilton, Montana, toll free 1-866-363-0464. S-3-22-tfc

HORSE TRAILERS for sale. Karl Tyler Chevrolet, Missoula, Mt. 1-800-227-2438. S-11-06-tfc

FIRE STARTER OR PACKING - The Recorder Herald, 519 Van Dreff St. - Only 10¢ a pound. S-9-8-tfc

#### **GARAGE SALE**

Yard sale Saturday, July 12, 8 a.m. to 2 p.m., 609 Broadway Street. GS-7-10-1tp Two family garage sale, no junk! Baby items, electric stove, gas fireplace, exercise equipment, books, etc, 404 Copper Street, 8 a.m. to noon, no early birds. GS-7-10-1tp

Multifamily stuff reduction including fabric, July 12, 9 a.m. to noon, Highway 93 South, Apache Way, watch for signs GS-7-10-1tp

Two family yard sale, Highway 93 South near Shoup Bridge, July 11 and 12. GS-7-10-1tnc

Fabric and notions only sale inside at 206 W. 3rd Ave. Saturday, July 12, 7 a.m. to 1 p.m. or by appointment, 240-8454. Hundreds of yards of assorted new fabric. GS-7-10-1tp

#### FOR RENT

Two bedroom, one bath house in town, garage, propane heat, electric stove, fridge, laundry hookups, \$480 plus deposit, 756-R-7-10-2tp

Retail space for rent or lease, 504 Main Street, approximately 2,300 square feet available now, call (208) 940-0394.

Three bedroom, two bath house ready by August 1, new roof, air condition, heat pump, new flooring, 209 Fairmont, need references, may be able to rent with option to buy, \$650, call Linda, 756-6635. R-7-10-1tp

\$400, 506 Main Street, one bedroom, one bath upstairs unit, like new inside, refrigerator, microwave, secured entry, blinds, water, trash sewer included, (208) 756-6911, (208) 940-0394. R-6-26-4tc

Two bedroom, 11/2 bath apartment with W/D hookups, \$495 per month, \$500 deposit, call 993-0181. R-7-10-tfc One bedroom apartment in duplex. Large kitchen and living room, nice yard, available early July, references required, \$435 per month. (208) 756-4485. R-7-10-1tp

Sungate Apartments - Beautiful 1, 2, and 3 bedroom units. Please call 756-4166 for availability and price. Office located at 360 N. Margaret Street in Salmon, TDD 1-800-545-1833 ext, 298. Now accepting Section 8 Vouchers. Check out our website:

www.sungateapartments.net. Office Space - downtown location, easy parking, low rates starting at \$240 a month, including utilities. 756-4489 or R-8-16-tfc

Three bedroom, one bathroom, \$585 per

600 square foot nice clean office located in the Professional Plaza 1301 S Main. Paved off street parking, office divided into two rooms plus full bathroom, \$450 per month, R-6-19-4tp 865-2212.

One bedroom apartment, \$340 plus deposit and electric, Shadow Ridge Apartments 756-8223. R-3-13-tfc

Rent Adjusted To Income - B&H Apartments is currently accepting applications for future openings in family and elderly apartments. Rent is based on income due to Section 8 Idaho Housing guidelines, Pick up an application at 701 Imperial Way Apartment 3C or call 756-4918. R-7-15-tfc R-7-15-tfc

#### LOST AND FOUND

month, call Paige Oeding Real Estate at the classified section for one week FREE at 905 S Main St., Salmon, Id R-6-26-tfc of charge.

#### **HELP WANTED**

Salmon School District No. 291 is seeking qualified applicants for the following positions: high school head coach for boys basketball, girls basketball, cross-country coach; substitute teachers; governmenteconomics teacher; Title One paraprofessional bus drivers. Please contact the Salmon School District at (208) 756-4271.

Be your own boss! Seeking experienced satellite installation subcontractors, \$70 1room install! Start immediately! Proof of Cert. and Ins. required. Contact Cliff at 866-457-0766. Email to: cliff@starwestsatellite.net, www.starwestsatellite-

IF YOU HAVE FOUND or lost an item, Independence Inc. is now taking applica-The Recorder Herald will advertise it in, tions for a licensed RN. Apply in person

HW-5-15-tfc

## Legal Notices

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS CASE NO. CV 08-137

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DIS-TRICT OF THE STATE OF IDAHO. IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF

IN THE MATTER OF THE ES-TATE OF: GARY R. HAMMOND, De-

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JOE F. MCCRORY has been appointed personal representative to administer the estate of GARY R. HAMMOND, deceased. All creditors of this estate are required to present their claims within four (4) months after the date of the first publication of this notice or said claims will forever be barred. Claims against the estate must be presented to the personal representative at the address below indicated and filed with the Court

DATED this 4th day of June, 2008.

PAUL B. WITHERS for JOE F McCRORY Personal Representative 1301 Main Street, Suite 6 Salmon, Idaho 83467 (208) 756-2009 6-26-3tc

#### ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Sealed proposals will be re-

McGraw-Hill 4082 Chinden Blvd., Boise 83714

Idaho Plan Room c/o Blue Prints Plus, 4082 Chinden Bivd., Boise 83714 Child Development Center, Deb

Cheney, 806 Poleline, Salmon 83467 (208-756-2016) Documents may be obtained for bidding purposes from the following

location: DHW Central Office, 450 W. State Street, 9th Floor, PO Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0036, (208)

334-0665. For additional information or questions, contact Tom Long, Department of Health and Welfare, PH: (208) 334-5563.

Project can be reviewed at the Child Development Center, 806 Poleline, Salmon, Idaho. Coordinate site visit with on-site representative Deb Cheney at (208) 756-2016.

A bid bond in the amount of 5% of the total bid amount, including any add alternates; and a Public Works Contractors License for the State of Idaho is required to bid on this work.

Estimated Cost: \$52,000 - Allen J. Drennen, Chief, Bureau of Operational Services 7-10-2td

> NOTICE TO CREDITORS CASE NO. CV 08-188

the Clerk of the Court. DATED this 18th day of June

> WILLIAM MARSHALL TATE Personal Representative c/o Milton A. Slavin, Esq. Slavin Law Office, Chtd. 116 North Center Street Salmon, Idaho 83467

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

Formation Capital Corporation U.S. (Formation) will hold an informational meeting, in accordance with Idaho code 58.01.01.213.02(a), on Monday July 21st, at Formation's office at 812 Shoun Street in Salmon, Idaho from 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. The purpose of the meeting will be to provide information or and discuss the company's air quality Permit To Construct application for the Idaho Cobalt Project. The project proposes to mine and concentrate cobalt ore in the near vicinity of the inactive Blackbird mine west of Salmon. The meeting is intended to focus only on air quality aspects of the proposed project. The proposed action would represent a minor source of air pollutants under IDEO and EPA definitions.

IMPOUNDING OF PERSONAL

7-10-2tc

dozer located at the historic Casto townsite.

4. After the impoundment, the owner may regain possession by contacting the Middle Fork District Ranger at HC 63 Box 1669, Challis. Idaho, 83226, providing title documentation or other proof of ownership, and paying the costs of advertising, removing, and storing the property. If the property is not redeemed prior to October 24, 2008, it may be disposed of as provided by Secretary of Agriculture Regulaion 36 CFR 262.12.

Signed at Challis, Idaho this 3rd day of July, 2008

/s/ Tom Gionet (for): CHRIS GROVE District Ranger Middle Fork Ranger District Salmon-Challis National Forest

#### NOTICE OF PROPOSED CHANGE OF WATER RIGHT TRANSFER NO. 74829

EVELYN R CARLSON and THO-MAS H CARLSON, PO BOX 206, LEADORE ID 83464, has filed Application No. 74829 for changes to the following water rights within LEMHI County: Right No. 75-14483 and Right No. 75-14485; to see a full description of these rights and the proposed transfer, please see:

## Haddock gets degree

Sarah E. Haddock, a 2002 graduate of Salmon High School and a 2006 graduate of the University of Idaho, received a degree in Medial Technology from Sacred Heart Medical Center in Spokane, Washington, June 26, 2008.

Easy

311n Fast

She has accepted a postition at Whitman Hospital & Medical Center in Colfax, Washington.

#### **REAL ESTATE**

Gorgeous home at the mouth of Tower Creek. Built in 2006 this home boasts 1,920 square feet of single level living. Three bedrooms, two baths, great room, custom kitchen, laundry room, 780 square foot oversized two-car garage, luxurious lawn, large redwood deck, post and rail fencing and automatic sprinkler system, 6.2 acres with Tower Creek frontage. Serene setting, lots of wildlife, one of a kind neaceful setting, Brokers welcome, 756-4867.

the place of use to resolve BLM objections and to reflect actual irrigating practices. The point of diversion remains the same in Lot 4 SWNE 24 Sec 24 T16N R20E for 2.90 cfs. The place of use is in Sec 24 T16N R20E for 122.5 acres and in Sec 19 :-T16N R21E for 34 acres for a total of 156.5 acres.

Protests may be submitted based on the criteria of Sec 42-222, Idaho

Any protest against the proposed change must be filed with the Department of Water Resources, Eastern Region, 900 N Skyline Dr Ste A. Idaho Falls ID 83402 together with a protest fee of \$25.00 for each application on or before July 28, 2008. The protestant must also send a copy of the protest to the applicant.

David R. Tuthill, Jr., Director 7-10-2tc



# Appendix D Emission Inventory

	300.	NOx	CO	PM	SOx	TOC	NOx	co	PM	SOx	TOC	
Source ID	Source	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	
EP101	1900-GE-901 - Generator	3,637	1,539	0.196	1,132	0,199	14,547	6.155	0.783	4.526	0.794	
EP201	1200-DC-201 - Crushing Dust Collector		11000	0.210					0.125			
EP301	Ore Stockpile			0.000					0.016			
EP302	1200-LD-201- Tram Bin to Coarse Ore Stockpile			0.154					0.110			
EP303	Loader grab from Coarse Ore Stockpile			0.067					0.040			
EP401	Waste Rock Stockpile			0.000					0.007			
EP402	1200-LD-201- Tram Bin to Waste Rock Stockpile			0.066					0.110			
EP403	Loader grab from Waste Rock Stockpile			0.029					0.009			
EP404	Loader dump Waste Rock Stockpile into Truck			0.029					0.009			
EP501	Conc bldg tailings pile			0.000					0,000			
EP502	Loader grab from Tailings Stockpile			0.000					0.000			
EP503	Loader dump Tailings to Truck			0.000					0.000			
EP601	TWSF Waste Rock truck dumping			0.001					0.002			
EP602	TWSF area management			0,201					0,279			
EP603	TWSF wind eroision			5,603					2.559			
EP604	Truck Dumps Tailings TWSF			0.001					0.000			
EP901	Roads (tram scenario)			1.586					1.047			
EP1001	Loader Traffic			0.250					0.149			
EP1101	1200-BN-201 - Mined Rock to Tram Bin			0.003					0.002			
EP1102	1200-FE-201 - Bin to Tram			0.220					0.110			
EP1201	Loader drop to Primary Crusher feed bin			0.067					0.040			
EP1401	1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (in)			0.003					0.002			
EP1402	1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (out) fully enclosed			0.000					0.000			
EP1501	1400-SI-401 - Cement Silo (in)			0.001					0.007			
EP1502	1400-SI-401 - Cement Silo (out) fully enclosed			0.000					0.000			
EP1601	Underground emissions vented from mine mouth	4.688	18,476	1.719	0,552		4.816	18.982	1.581	0.567		
EP1701	Load /Unload at Topsoil stockpile			0.000					0.001			
EP1702	Topsoil Stockpile			0,007					0.294			
	Total TRAM SCENARIO	8,3	20.0	10.4	1.7	0.2	19.4	25.1	7.3	5.1	0.8	
					1							
NO TRAM SCEI	NARIO These sources replace the yellow Tram Only sources. Truck dump V	aste Rock is	from Mine to T	NSF instead o	f from Waste r	ock stockpile	at the tram to	TWSF				
						T						
EP0901	Roads (no tram scenario)			5.742					3,819			
EP1301	Truck Dump Crusher Ore Pile (no tram scenario)			0.002					0.001			
EP1303	Mined Rock truck dump			0.003					0,002			
EP1304	Loader grab from mined rock pile			0,096					0.048			
EP1302	Mined Rock stockpile			0.000					0.007			å
EP2001	Truck Dump Crusher Ore Pile (no tram scenario)			0,002					0.001			
		a núceoncommon poconscens			M (100) W (100) W (100) W (100)		e servición de decembrance	E Stational Company and Artist	COLORO DE LA COMPOSITIONE DE LA COLORO DEL COLORO DE LA COLORO DEL COLORO DE LA COLORO DEL COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DEL LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DEL COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DE LA COLORO DEL COLORO DE LA COLORO D	S AND COLOR POR CONTRACTOR	A	
	Total NO TRAM SCENARIO	8.3	20.0	14.3	1.7	0.2	19,4	25.1	9,9	5.1	0.8	4
						1	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>			
SUNSHINE PO	RTAL SCENARIO This scenario matches the No Tram scenario except for a	different min	e portal location	, shorter roads	s, and no 1301-	-1304 transfe	r to alrger truc	ks outside the	mine T	1		+
			disan see	STATE OF THE PERSON	 	0.000	4 040	40.000	4 504	0.567	0.000	
EP 3001	For the Sunshine Portal scenario: EP 3001 replaces EP1601.	4.688	18.476	1.719 3.714	0.552	0,000	4.816	18.982	1.581 2.457	U.301	0.000	4
EP 0902	Roads (Sunshine portal scenario)	1	1	ا 3./34			1	1	<sub>1</sub> 2.451		1	1
****	Total SUNSHINE PORTAL SCENARIO	8,3	20.0	12.2	1.7	0.2	19.4	25.1	8.5	5.1	0,8	
	TOTAL SENSITIVE FOR TAL SOCIALIDO	10.0000	HASSES TO OTHER	AND REPORT AND RESE	4			A SECURIO - 14 (12)	30000 <del>-1-</del> 0000		- 100 NOTE - 100 NO	4
<u> </u>	universally represents tram scenario only emissions			-	<b>+</b>	_	-					
····	universally represents train scenario only emissions		-			1		-	·····			
	All model sources named in blue highlights on each calculation	n workshee	1							]		
	Model source parameter derivation documented in bue text on each workship	eet for each n	nodel sourci									
	Green hourly emission rates are only for hours with wind speed	d over 12 n	nph					1		1	1	
			<u> </u>							1	1	

#### 1119 hp Cat Stand-by Generator\*

(.00809)(5%)

				(.00000)(0,0)		
						Total
	NOx	co	PM	SOx	TOC	Emissions
AP-42 (lbs/hp-hr)	0.013	0.006	0.001	0.004	0.001	
lbs/hr	14.547	6.155	0.783	4.526	0.794	26.8
tpy	3.637	1.539	0.196	1.132	0.199	6.7

<sup>\*</sup>Assumes generator will be permitted as a stand-by unit not to exceed 500 hrs/yr operation.

Reference: AP-42 Section 3.4 Table 3.4-1

HP= 1119 Model Source name

Max hrs/day= 24 EP101

Max hrs/yr= 500 All model stack data from manufacturer's specifications

Max sulfur % in deisel 0.5

Emission factors from AP-42 Section 3.4, Table 3.4-3 and 4

						regulated HAPs		
Pollutant	EF	Hrs/yr	Units	lb/yr	tons/yr	tons/yr	Max lb/hr	avg lb/hr
Benzene	7.76E-04	500	lbs/hp-hr	434.17	0.2171	0.2171	0.8683	0.0496
Toluene	2.81E-04	500	lbs/hp-hr	157.22	0.0786	0.0786	0.3144	0.0179
Xylenes	1.93E-04	500	lbs/hp-hr	107.98	0.0540	0.0540	0.2160	0.0123
Propylene	2.79E-03	500	lbs/hp-hr	1561.01	0.7805		3.1220	0.1782
Formaldehyde	7.89E-05	500	lbs/hp-hr	44.14	0.0221	0.0221	0.0883	0.0050
Acetaldehyde	2,52E-05	500	lbs/hp-hr	14.10	0.0070	0.0070	0.0282	0.0016
Acrolein	7.88E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	4.41	0.0022	0.0022	0.0088	0.0005
Napthalene	1.30E-04	500	lbs/hp-hr	72.74	0.0364	0.0364	0.1455	0.0083
Acenaphthylene	9.23E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	5.16	0.0026		0.0103	0.0006
Acenaphthene	4.68E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	2.62	0.0013		0.0052	0.0003
Fluorene	1.28E-05	500	lbs/hp-hr	7.16	0.0036		0.0143	0.0008
Phenanthrene	4.08E-05	500	lbs/hp-hr	22.83	0.0114		0.0457	0.0026
Anthracene	1.23E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.69	0.0003		0.0014	0.0001
Fluoranthene	4.03E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	2.25	0.0011		0.0045	0.0003
Pyrene	3.71E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	2.08	0.0010		0.0042	0.0002
Benz(a)anthracene	6.22E-07	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.35	0.0002		0.0007	0.0000
Chrysene	1.53E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.86	0.0004		0.0017	0.0001
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1,11E-06	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.62	0.0003		0.0012	0.0001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.18E-07	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.12	0.0001		0.0002	0.0000
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.57E-07	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.14	0.0001		0.0003	0.0000
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyren	4.14E-07	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.23	0.0001		0.0005	0.0000
Dibenz(a,h)anthracen	3.46E-07	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.19	0.0001		0.0004	0.0000
Benzo(g,h,l)perylene	5.56E-07	500	lbs/hp-hr	0.31	0.0002		0.0006	0.0000
Total PAH	2.12E-04	500	lbs/hp-hr	118.61	0.0593		0.2372	0.0135

Emissions in AP-42 are < values listed

1.280 0.417

**EPA** 

#### PM10 Calculations for ICP Stock Piles

Max daily volume - ore 1067 Max daily volume - waste

#### Assumes:

- •□□ Density of the the piles is 15.1 ft 3/ton.

Density of the the piles is 15.1 it /fton.
 Trapezoid shaped:
 Total height of the stock pile is 6'.
 Top width of the stock pile is 12'.
 Bettom width of the stock pile is 24'.
 Base to height ratio of 1 to 2.

133 lbs/ft3

■ Primary factors influencing dust emissions from stock piles are the wind velocity, surface area, and silt content (weight %) of the material.

#### Ore stockpile

Volume = 16111.7 cubic feet

Area of the trapezoid = 1/2 x height x [top width (a) + bottom width (b)]

Area = 108 square feet

Length = volume / area = 149.2 feet

Surface area of trapezoid affected by wind = area of top + area of both ends + area of both sides

Top area = (12')(149.2) = 1790.4 ft<sup>2</sup> End area = (2)(108') = 216 ft<sup>2</sup>

Side area =  $(2)(8.5')(149.2') = 2536.4 \text{ ft}^2$ 

Total area = 4542.8 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### Waste Stockpile

444 tons x 15.1 ft<sup>3</sup>/ton = 6704.4 ft<sup>3</sup>

Area of the trapezoid = 1/2 x height x [top width (a) + bottom width (b)]

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 6' \times (12' + 24') = 108 \text{ ft}^2$$

Length = volume / area =  $6704.4 \text{ ft}^3$ /  $108 \text{ ft}^2 = 62.08 \text{ ft}$ 

Surface area of trapezoid affected by wind = area of top + area of both ends + area of both sides

Top area =  $(12')(62.08) = 744.93 \text{ ft}^2$ End area =  $(2)(108') = 216 \text{ ft}^2$ 

Side area =  $(2)(8.5')(62.08') = 1055.36 \text{ ft}^2$ 

Total area = 2016.29 ft<sup>2</sup>

Portal Mined Rock Stockpile 500 tons (max) x 15.1 ft<sup>3</sup>/ton = 7550 ft<sup>3</sup>

Area of the trapezoid = 1/2 x height x [top width (a) + bottom width (b)]

Area = 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times 6^{\circ} \times (14^{\circ} + 28^{\circ}) = 126 \text{ ft}^2$$

Length = volume / area =  $7550 \text{ ft}^3$  / 126 ft<sup>2</sup> = 59.92 ft

Surface area of trapezoid affected by wind = area of top + area of both ends + area of both sides

Top area =  $(14')(59.92) = 838.89 \text{ ft}^2$ End area =  $(2)(126') = 252 \text{ ft}^2$ Side area =  $(2)(8.5')(59.92') = 1018.64 \text{ ft}^2$ 

Total area = 2109.52 ft<sup>2</sup> = 0.0484 acres

```
Top Soil Stockpile
```

foot diameter

A=pi\* r² A=3.1415926535\*(300')(300') 282743.3 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### Dust Emissions

Dust emissions from the ore and waste piles were estimated using the methodology presented in *Emission Estimation: Alternative Methodology* (WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook) Chapter 9.3 on Storage Pile Wind Erosion

Annual TSP emissions factor equation for wind blown dust from active storage piles:

TSP (lb/day/acre of surface) = 1.7 (s/1.5)(f/15) TSP (lb/year/acre of surface) = 1.7 (s/1.5)(365 [365-p]/235)(f/15)

Where, s = silt content of material (weight %) = conservative mean for gravel roads, high because most materials will be coarse rock

p = number of days per year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation = 0
documented on Roads Calculations worksheet, no credit for frozen winter because piles could be worked then

f = percentage of time the unobstructed wind speed is greater than 12 mph at the mean pile

5.6%

% calculated from 2004 onsite met data used for modeling analysis

From WRAP Fugitive Dust handbook Section 9.3, Based on the PM10/TSP ration of 0.5 for wind blown dust from active storage piles published in Section 13.2.5 of AP-42 and a PM2.5/PM10 ratio of 0.15 for wind blown dust, the PM10 and PM2.5 emission factor equations (in units of lb/day/acre) would be:

0.5 times TSP (lb/acre/year) PM10 (lb/year/acre) =

#### Calculations:

Ore and waste piles are dumped by the haul trucks in a straight line (trapezoidal-shaped pile), giving a total wind exposed area of 4543 ft<sup>2</sup> for a 1067 ton pile and 2106 ft<sup>2</sup> for a 444 ton pile.

lbs/yr/acre lbs/hr/acre of

sfc for hrs (assume f = 100% to calculate hrly max EF to be used in model with wind speed dependency) of surface

 $E_{TSP} =$ 15.3516 0.3022 7.6758 0.1511  $E_{PM10} =$ 

Ore stockpile:  $4543 \text{ ft}^2 / 43,600 \text{ ft}^2/\text{acre} = 0.0794 \text{ acre}$ 0.1042 acres Waste rock stockpile: 0.0462 acres Portal Mined Rock Stockpile 0.0484 acres Conc building tailings stockpile 0.01 acres

Topsoil stockpile 6.4849 acres

Control efficiency Tailings stockpile 90% from 18-20% mositure content, removed within 24 hours, wind protection from bldg

From soil moisture initially and finally, revegetation and inactivity during most of project life would likely result in higher wind erosion control 70% Topsoil stockpile

Uncontrolled Controlled (when wind (when wind PM-10 EF speed over 12 (lb/hr/acre when winds >12 mph over 12 PM-10 EF (blyrlacre) Control eff mph) mph) tons/yr 7.6758 7.6758 0.0004 0.000177 0.0157 0.0070 Ore stockpile beside crusher bldg Waste Rock Stockpile 0.1042 0.1511 0.015746 0.0004 0.0002 0% FP301 0.0462 0.1511 0% 0.006981 Portal Mined Rock Stockpile 0.0484 7,6758 7.6758 0:1511 0:1511 0% 0.007314 0.000186 0.0073 0.0002 EP2002 3.84E-05 0.0002 0.0000 EP501 Tailings pile, inside alcove, small, wet, cleared daily 90% 0.01 Topsoil stockpile 6.4849 7.6758 0.1511 70% 0.979946 0.024888 0.2940 0.0075 EP1702

For all stockpiles, model source parameters are based uppon mean emission ht (top to top third of the pile) and mean area of emissions from sizes documented on this workshe

#### PM10 Calculations for TWSE

#### Pile surface management

D4 dozer seasonally managing tailings, meeting land use req for compaction that will limit future wind erosion high moisture content limits emissions

max hrs/day 1440

TWSF daily max feed

max hrs/year 148 % Moisture content = M 1037 tons per day from concentrator @

444 tons per day waste rock @ 1481 tons total per day @

19% moisture content 5% moisture content

14.8% average moisture content

#### AP-42 Table 11.9-1 Emission factors for Uncontrolled Dust Sources (at western coal mines)

PM10 EF (lbs/hr) = .75 (1.0)\*(S^1.5)/(M^1.4)

1037 tons feed from concentrator based upon 1067 tons mined - 30 tons concentrate derived

where M is moisture content (%)

S is silt content (%)

· The mean silt content is 6.4% (Table 6-2, WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook, 2006, conservative mean for gravel roads, because most material will be coarse rock). S= 6.4

	Uncontrolle	ed PM-10 emission	ıs	Controlled PM-10 emissions				
Model Source Name EP602	lb/day	lb/hr	tons/yr	lb/day	lb/hr	tons/yr		
Managament Service	1.1166	0.2792	0.2010	1.1166	0.2792	0.2010		

model source parameters based upon shape of bulldozer operating in activity area

#### Wind Erosion

#### **Dumping into TWSF covered in Material Transfers**

20 acres Max area where soil is not revegetated, covered with moist overlay, or compressed sufficiently to avoid wind erosion at any time

#### Assumes:

TWSE

Emissions from dumping have already been accounted for in the Material Transfer calculations (Truck Dumps Tailings).

50% of the tailings will go back into the mine and approximately 500 ton/day could go to the the TWSF. Therefore, using a conservative estimate by duplicating the 400 ton waste rock stock pile emissions (see calculations in the stockpile spreadsheet), and taking an 80% efficiency because the material will be dumped, leveled, compacted, and undisturbed until reclamation, wind erosions will not be a factor after a brief period of time, even without accounting for most of the year being frozen or wet.

Emission factor from Stockpiles worksheet

model source parameters derived as described under stockpile worksheet

Uncontrolled PM-10 emissions Controlled PM-10 emissions PM-10 EF lb/day max lb/hr Control eff lb/day max lb/hr tons/yr tons/vr 28.0165813 30.7031 20 7.6758 80% 153.5155139 12.792959 2.5586 5.6033

max lbs/hr assumes 2 times the average daily emission rate

FP603

#### PM10 Calculations for ICP Roads

Utstances are maxes

> INTERMITTENT TRAFFIC Trips per year (2 per RT, one in, one out) | Worldaily | Worl (with brand) | TOTAL bips | Whit (with brand) | TOTAL bips | Whit (with brand) | O.120202 | 91 | 0.096972 | 0.073109 | 65 | 0.025925 | 0.120974 | 59 | 0.090384 | 0.184504 | 51 | 0.054789 0.2377652 0.0871212 0.334650 0.234650 1229 450 1767 1239 25 51 20 20 25 20 20 20 0.184175 79 0.438421 47 51 25 2 0.004352 0.060478 daily 1.000 211 to Summine portal with administ 455
> Total VMT per vehicle (tram)
> Total VMT per vehicle (no tram)
> Increase without tram
> Total VMT per vehicle (sunshine portal) 102 0.0 110.0 110.0 37.9 11.0 11.0 0.6 11.0 449.4 32,1 140.2 0.9 0.9 14.7 12.8 annually 128.0

For dayly tallfe, assume annual max is 250 days at the daily max
For annual tarlfe, assume daily tallfer 1200 annual
Lower assume daily tallfer 1200 annual
Lower assume daily tallfer 1200 annual
Lower assume daily tallfer in 16 m., word case because it would take more than 8 irs to get to daily datas
Sample annual tarlfer, assume daily tallfer in 16 m., word case because it would take more than 8 irs to get to daily datas
Sample annual tarlfer, assume daily tallfer in 16 m. assume

								Uncontrolled			Controlled	
Vehicle and Weight	Miles Driver/Day	Miles Driven/Year	Weight, empty	Weight, empty (tons)	Average Weight	E (Ibs/VMT)	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	max lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
Van	19.1	4778.6	0.75	1	0.875	0.121993784	0.44	2.3	0.3	0.09	0.47	0.06
Pickup	11.0	2746.4	0.6	0.75	0.625	0.104852813	0.22	1.2	0.1	0.04	0.23	0.03
Haul truck tram	46.1	11519.6	36	75	55	0.786316317	6.79	36.2	4.5	1.36	7.25	0.91
leuf truck no tram	187.1	46762.7	35	75	55	0.786316317	27.58	147,1	18,4	5.52	29.42	3,68
Smeller Hauf Tk	86.7	21674,1	21	42	31,5	0.611890664	9.95	53.0	6.6	1.99	10.61	1.33
Concentrate 10 wheel	1.3	319.9	11	28	19.5	0.493116634	0.12	0.6	0.1	0.02	0.13	0.02
Cement Inuck	0.6	128.0	40	80	60	0.817715331	0.10	0.5	0.1	0.02	0.10	0.01
Shotcrete	2.2	449.4	10	20	15	0.438202796	0.1B	1.0	0.1	0.04	0.20	0.02
Ammonium Nitrate	0.2	32.1	10	20	15	0.438202796	0.01	0.1	0.0	0.00	0.01	0.00
Diesel Fuel	0.7	140.2	10	20	15	0.438202796	0.06	0.3	0.0	0.01	0.06	0.01
Gas Fuel Tk	0.0	0.9	10	20	15	0.438202796	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Propane Tk	0.0	0.9	10	20	15	0.438202796	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10 wheel supply tk	0.1	14.7	11	28	19.5	0.493116634	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.01	0.00
Misc Vendors and visitions	0.1	12.8	1	2	1.5	0.155480219	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals (with tram)	168.0						7.9	42.3	5.2	1.6	8.5	1.0
Totals with no	309,0						28.7	153.1	19,1	5.7	30.6	3.8
Totals (Sunshine)	317.0						18,6	99.0	12.3	3.7	19.8	2.5

The facility

Model source parameters derived from mean height and vertical extent of hout trunks.

incritation model source dimensions based upon 40 mad widths, valums source allocation documented below gight

 $E = k \binom{s}{1} \binom{w}{1} \binom{365 - P}{365}$  A E = Pamission Patter (BNATP) s = nurface material silk content (%) W = mean vehicle weight (lone) s, h = emitpie and constants P = mumber of days in a year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation

			No tram			
	Model val eres	Model sro hame	Com PM (8 lb/hr	CumPN 10 tonlyt	led PM 10 Refer	ind PM10 tons/yr
on	16	EP901A	0.556855	0.370297955	0.034803	0.02314362
a bildg / shop	10	EP901B	0.98258	0.653397644	0.008258	0.06533976
al	90	EP901C	3,30136	2.195342845	0.036682	0.0243927
	25	EP901D	0.901636	0.599570859	0.036065	0.02398283

Allocating controlled emiss per model source

Road emissions were calculated by

> ang: Roads are covered with gravel/crush limestone 30 The mean sift content is 6.4% (Table 6-2, WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook, 2006).

to / from Sunshine portal	checker cun	s. Road src emissions EP902	5.74 1.19072	3.82 0.791806578	5.74 0.108247	3.82 0.07198242
Claim line to intersection	16		With tram Cum PM 10 lb%r	CumPM10 lonlyr 0,125897875	Ind PM 10 lbfvr	Ind PM10 librar

		Model stc trame	Cum PN 10	ComPM10 tonlyr	Ind PM10	Ind PM 10 lb/br
Claim line to Intersection	16	EP901A	0.190592	0,125897875	0.011912	0.00786862
Noncación la cracker i cono bióg i shop	10	EP901B	0.55272	0.365106399	0.055272	0.03651064
to / from portal	90	EP901C	0.260315	0.171954576	0.002892	0.00191061
Intersection to TWSF	25	EP901D	0.702061	0.463755426	0.028082	0.01855022
	check ctim. F	toad witc emissions	1.71	1.13	1.71	1.13

g= 6.4
W+ 7
P= 176 01=107 on-sile med dala, days whencau red prodp 8 non tracen mortals, every day in 6 hazen mortals (Non-Ayr
274 01=107 on-sile nod dala, days whencau red prodp 8 non tracen mortals, every day in 6 hazen mortals (Non-Ayr

Dust Emission Correction Due to Molsture and Temperature
Due to the physical location of the mine property in the Parther Creek Subbasin of the Salmon River at elevations ranging between 6011° and 8100° above one level, precipitation and temperature will both aid
in initiating dust emissions during mine operations. One'le meteorological data confirm 176 days per year of precipitation and 274 days per year with proch or average temperature regime preventing dust

to / from Ram por Intersection to TWSF

#### PM10 Calculations for ICP Loaders

Loader emissions were calculated by assuming:

6.4% silt (Table 6-2, WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook, 2006).

83.3	max tons/h	r through cru	sher bidg							
1067	max tons p	er day throug	jh crusher building							
280000	max tons p	er year throu	gh the crusher building							
4	tons per lo	ader load								
266.75	loader trips	s/day =max c	rusher feed/tons per loader load)							
250	feet per loa	der RT			Uncontroll	ed PM-10		Controlled	PM-10	
50	W = tons e	ach loader (1	00000 lbs each)	E (lbs/VMT)	max lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	max lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
				0.75	0.74	9,51	1.25	0.149	1,903	0.250
Period	max ldr trips/ per	max VMT/ per			Mada	el Source 1	lame	EP1001		
hr	20.8	1.0			80%	control				
day	266.8	12.6		for gravel:	surface with	watering a	nd chemica	al dust suppi	ession	
vear	70000 D	3314.4	Modeled as an area source covering the short ro	oute between oiles an	d the crusher fee	d bin, vert dim	s based upon !	loader width and	vert extent, an	d drop ht

AP-42 13.2.2 equation (1a), updated 12/03, for unpaved road traffic on an industrial site with precip reduction from AP-42 13.2.2.2 equ 2

$$E = k \left(\frac{s}{12}\right)^a \left(\frac{W}{3}\right)^b \left(\frac{365 - P}{365}\right)$$

$$E = Emission Factor (lb/VMT)^1$$

$$s = surface material silt content (%)$$

$$W = mean vehicle weight (tons)$$

$$a, b, k = emipirical constants$$

$$P = number of days in a year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation$$

Road emissions were

□ Roads are covered with gravel/crush limestone
 □□□ The mean silt content is 6.4% (Table 6-2, WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook, 2006).

Constants	PM <sub>2,5</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM
k	0.15	1.5	4.9
а	0.9	0.9	0.7
ь	0.45	0.45	0.45

s= 6.4

W= 52

tons, half full, half empty

P= 176 01='07 on-site met data, days w/measured precip

274 01='07 on-site met data, days w/measured precip 6 non frozen months, every day in 6 frozen months (Nov-Apr)

#### **Crusher Circuit**

All Operations inside a building

AP-42 lb/ton EFs used, referenced for each EF

The building is closed. A ventilation system runs all air release through a baghouse with manufacturer's guarantee of 99.95% control efficiency 95,00% Control efficiency is applied to calculated summed emission rates of the equipment

Screening calculations are worst case, assuming everything on the screens is fine

Conveyor emission calculations are worst case because they assume all transfers are uncontrolled, which is generally not the case

Crushing Plant Process - Controlled	Throu	ghput	PM Emission Factor	PM10 Emission Factor	PM Em	PM Emissions		missions	E-Factor Reference
	tph	tpy			lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	tpy	
Primary Crushing - Jaw Crusher 1	83,3	280,000	0.0054 lb/ton	0.0024 lb/ton	0.45	0.76	0.20	0.34	AP-42, 5th Edition, Table 11.19.2-2 Tertiary crushing (uncontrolled) 3
Secondary Crushing - Cone Crusher <sup>1</sup>	83,3	280,000	0.0054 lb/ton	0.0024 lb/ton	0.45	0.76	0.20	0.34	AP-42, 5th Edition, Table 11.19.2-2 Tertiary crushing (uncontrolled) 3
Screening - 1-Triple Deck1	83.3	280,000	0.025 lb/ton	0.0087 lb/ton	2.08	3.50	0.72	1.22	AP-42, 5th Edition, Table 11.19.2-2 Screening (uncontrolled)
Conveyor Transfers <sup>1,2</sup>	83.3	280,000	0.003 lb/ton/point	0.0011 lb/ton/point	3.75	6.30	1.37	2.31	AP-42, 5th Edition, Table 11.19.2-2 conveyor transfer (uncontrolled)

 Uncontrolled building emissions
 6.73
 11.31
 2.50
 4.20

 Controlled building emissions
 0.3365
 0.5656
 0.1250
 0.2100

Model Source name

EP201

Modeled with manufacturer's specs for baghouse release point

Moisture content assumed to be 4%; above the moisture content for controlled crushing in the Emission Factor Reference provided.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Process Flow verifies up to a total of 15 drop points are expected tol be in use at the plant. Not all transfers handle all material, though they're conservatively assumed to here

<sup>3</sup> AP-42 footnotes indicate no data available for primary/secondary crushing, but emission factors for PM<sub>10</sub> for tertiary crushers can be used as an upper limit for primary/secondary crushing.

								Uncontr	Uncontr	Uncontr		Contr	Contr				
			AP-42		Max	Max	Max	Max PM10	PM10 Max	Max PM10		Max PM10	Max PM10	Contr Max			1
		Moisture	Table 11.19-	PM-10 EF	thruput	thruput	thruput	emiss	emiss	emiss	Control	emiss	emiss	PM10 emiss			1 1
	Fugitive Source	content	2 EF	(lbs/ton)	tons/hr	tons/day	tons/yr	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	Efficiency	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr			i I
	1200-BN-201 - Mined rock (Ore and waste) to																
EP1101	Tram Bin	5%	Α	1.60E-05	100	1511	400000	0.0016	0.0242	0.0032		0.0016	0.024176	0.0032			
EP1102	1200-FE-201 - Tram Bin to Tram	5%	В	0.0011	100	1511	400000	0.1100	1.6621	0.2200		0.11	1.6621	0.22			$\vdash$
ED000	1200-LD-201- Tram drop to Coarse Ore Stockpile	5%	В	0.0011	100	1067	280000	0,1100	1,1737	0.1540		0.11	1.1737	0.154		ĺ	
EP302	1200-LD-201- Tram drop to Waste Rock	370	-	0.0011	100	1007	200000	0.1100	1.1737	0.1540		0.11	1.1131	0.154			$\vdash$
EP402	Stockpile	5%	В	0.0011	100	444	120000	0.1100	0.4884	0,0660		0.11	0.4884	0,066			
EP403	Loader grab from Waste Rock Stockpile	5%	E	0,00048	18	444	120000	0.0087	0.2135	0.0289		0,008656	0,213526	0.02885491			
	Loader dump Waste Rock Stockpile into		1														
EP404	Truck	5%	E	0.00048	18	444	120000	0.0087	0.2135	0,0289		0,008656					
EP303	Loader grab from Coarse Ore Stockpile	5%	E	0.00048	83.3	1067	280000	0.0401	0.5131	0.0673				0.06732812			-
EP1201	Loader drop to Primary Crusher feed bin	5%	E	0.00048	83.3	1067	280000 130350	0.0401	0.5131	0.0673	90%			0.06732812 0.00048356			——I
EP502	Loader grab from Tailings Stockpile	19% 19%	E	0.00007 0.00007	9	495 495	130350	0.0007	0.0367	0.0048	90%			0.00048356		-	$\vdash$
EP503	Loader dump Tailings to Truck Truck Dumps Tailings (18 - 20% moisture	19%	E	0.00007	-	493	130330	0.0007	0,0301	0.0040	30 /8	0.00E-03	0.003073	0,00040330			$\vdash$
EP604	content)	19%	l c	0.0001	9	495	130350	0.0009	0.0495	0.0065	90%	0.00009	0.00495	0.00065175			1
E1 007	Truck Dump Crusher Ore Pile (no tram				-												
EP2001	scenario)	5%	A	1.60E-05	83,3	1067	280000	0.0013	0.0171	0,0022		0.001333				<u></u>	
EP1301	Mined Rock truck dump	5%	Α	1,60E-05	100	1511	400000	0,0016	0.0242	0,0032			0.024176				
EP1303	Loader grab from mined rock pile	5%	E	0,00048	100	1511	400000	0,0481	0.7267	0.0962			0,726663			-	$\vdash \vdash \vdash$
EP1304	Loader drop to Truck	5%	E	0.00048	100	1511	400000	0.0481	0.7267	0.0962	CON		0.726663				$\vdash$
EP1701	Load / unload at topsoil storage pile	20%	A	1,60E-05	100	444	30000 120000	0.0016	0.0071	0.0002	50%		0.003552			-	⊢——
EP601	Truck Dump Waste Rock To TWSF	5%	A	1.60E-05 0.000046	100 83.3	1067	280000	0.0016	0.0071	0.0010	50%		0.007104			-	-
EP1401 EP1402	1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (in) 1200-BN-203 - Fine Ore Bin (out) fully enclosed	NA NA	D D	0.000046	83.3	1067	280000	0,0038	0.0491	0.0064	100%	0.001310	0.024341	0.00022			$\vdash$
EP1501	1400-SI-401 - Cement Silo (in)	NA.	F	0,00034	20	40	4000	0.0068	0.0136	0.0007	10070	0,0068	0,0136	0,00068			
EP1502	1400-SI-401 - Cement Silo (out) fully enclosed	NA.	Ď	0,000046	20	40	4000	0,0009	0.0018	0.0001	50%	0.00046		0.000046			
	TOTAL																
•							Α		ading, fragm		9						
	Emission factors referenced are all from AP-42						В		ansfer poin								
		except as no	ted to the righ		Curpo o grande la misso como co		C		ading, crush								
				Tram scenario		<u> </u>	D E		ansfer point 2.4 for aggre			L	<del> </del>			-	
	Control Efficienices		1	No tram scen	ino only		F		.12-2 for contro				(nnoumatic)			-	
	Fine Ore Bin outflow	100% physically	anclosed from b	in into concentrat	n building wh	ere material in				aca sement sin	Lating to cicro.	l storage site	(pricumoto)				$\vdash$
	Cement Silo outflow			ysically enclosed f						wet process.	1		<del> </del>	-			
	Truck Dump, tailings			6 moisture con						Ι΄	T						
	Toppsoil load / unload			rial due to soil													
	Fine Ore Bin filtered sock vent			nce drop is fully en													
		(10 tons max/min)(	0.0011 lbs PM10/ton	)= .01 lbs PM10/min =	70 gr/min 700 au	сіт арргох 1000 с	isclm at 7900° Di	ıst load 0.07 grids	cf. Manuf gurara	ntees 0.02 gr.dsc	so control % is	> 71%				<b>↓</b>	
		<u> </u>					<u> </u>				101 1	4					-
	All sources modeled based upon mean horiz dimensions Fine Ore Bin and Cement Silo inflow hor dimensions												am			+	
	Fine Ore Bin and Cement Silo inflow hor dimensions	pased upon size	of sock tiller ven	I, veri dims based	upon sito neig	intrsnape, our T	nows from tho	se sources are	i iugioves irom	possine sina	поренянув н	enabsore syst	ten			$\vdash$	$\vdash$
	FRONT END LOADING/STOCKPILE	DISTUDDA	NCE EMIC	SIONS	-		<del>                                     </del>			<u> </u>							
	FROM I END LOADING/STOCKPILE	DISTURBA	MACE ENITO	UIONO	-	<del>                                     </del>				<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	1	1		<del>                                     </del>	$\vdash$
			+				<del></del>	-				1				<del>                                     </del>	
	PM=(k)*(0.0032)*((U/5)^1.3)/((M/2)^1.4)	-				AP-42	13.2.4-3 E	quation (1)									
	PM <sub>10</sub> =(k')*(0.0032)*((U/5)^1.3)/((M/2)^1.4)					AP-42	13.2.4-3 E	quation (1)	T								
		<b> </b>															
	Where				<u></u>							L					
	k=		multiplier for l				0.74			Page 13.2							
	k'=		multiplier for I	PM 10			0.35			Page 13.2							
	U=	Mean wind s					7					from 2004	measured				<b>↓</b>
	M=		terial moisture	content				%		from colun	n above	1	<del> </del>			₩	
		For wetter m	naterial				15	%	<b>├</b>	-		-	+	+		+	
******		For 5% MC ma	to sint	For 19% MC ma	torial	-	-		-	1	-		+	+	-	+	+
	Uncontrolled PM =		lbs/ton	0.00016	retiai	1				_		+	1	+	<b> </b>	+	+
	Uncontrolled PM <sub>10</sub> =		lbs/ton	0.00007			<del> </del>	<b>—</b>	<del>                                     </del>		-		1			+	+
	Chechibled F Wi18	0,00048	in arturi	0.00007			<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		+	-	1	-	+	<b>-</b>	+	
	AP-42 Fifth Edition Jan 95	+	+				<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<u> </u>	<del> </del>		1			1	+
	Section 13 Miscellaneous Sources		1					†		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>		1	1		-	
	13.2 Fugitive Dust Sources			İ	1												
	13.2.4 Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles																
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-													

#### **Blasting (combustion)**

AP-42 Section 13.3 utilized to calculate emissions from blasting material.

1511 tons rock blasted/day

lbs ANFO used / ton of rock

1.511 tons ANFO/day = (tons rock blasted) / 2000 lbs/ton) \* (lbs ANFO / ton rock)

max lbs/hr conservatively assumes 1.5 times average hourly emissions for 8 hr/day 365 days/yr

	EF	į t	Uncontrolle	d	Controlled					
	lbs/ton	Max		Max	Max		Max			
	ANFO	lbs/day	Max lbs/hr	tons/yr	lbs/day	Max lbs/hr	tons/yr			
NO2	17	25.7	4.8	4.7	25.7	4.8	4.7			
SO2	2	3.0	0,6	0.6	3.0	0.6	0.6			
CO	67	101.2	19.0	18.5	101.2	19.0	18.5			
PM-10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						

#### **Blasting Dust**

No particulate emission factor for blasting. Moisture and retention time should minimize any blasting particulate emissions

> lbs/charge charges/day charges/yr

1	Unc	ontrolled P	M-10	Controlled PM-10				
lb	s/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr		

#### **Drilling Dust**

Drilling is a wet process, which results in complete particulate emissions control

#### **Material Transfers**

80 % relative himidity
20 minutes mean mine retention time before vented
high % resulting mine particulate emission control

One pick up and one drop per load of ore 2 number of transfers

The 20 minute retention time is based upon the mine ventilation system, which is desgined to turn over the air in the mine once per hour. The 20 minutes is consevative since the ventilation system will eb temporarily shut down or lowered when blasting, which typically occurs in teh further distances from the ventilation system vent, the portal at the mouth of the mine

Fugitive Source	Moisture content	AP-42 Table 11.19-2 EF	PM-10 EF (lbs/ton)	Max thruput tons/hr	Max thruput tons/day	Max thruput tons/yr	Uncontr Max PM10 emiss Ibs/hr	Uncontr PM10 Max emiss Ibs/day	Uncontr Max PM10 emiss tons/yr	Control Efficiency	Contr Max PM10 emiss Ibs/hr	Contr Max PM10 emiss Ibs/day	Contr Max PM10 emiss Ibs/yr
Loader grab from Mine Loader	5%	E	0.00048	100	2500	400000	0.0481	1.2023	0.0962		0.0240	0.6011	0.0481
dump into Truck <b>Totals</b>	5%	E	0.00048	100	2500	400000	0.0481 <b>0.0962</b>	1.2023 <b>2.4046</b>	0.0962 <b>0.1924</b>		0.0240 <b>0.0481</b>	0.6011 <b>1.2023</b>	0.0481 <b>0.0962</b>
		Mine humidi	ty, mine retentio	n time result	in	50%	control effi	ciency					

Watering or chemical dust suppression will be used if necessary when visible dust to maintain dust control efficiency

#### **Vehicle Emissions**

Mine humidity, mine retention time, and large particle sizes result in

50% control efficiency

						Unco	ontrolled P	M-10	Co	ntrolled PN	-10
Vehicle and Weight (tons)	Miles Driven/Day	Effective Weight, empty (tons)	Effective Weight, full (tons)	Mean Weight (tons)	E (lbs/VMT)	max lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr
<sup>a</sup> Haul truck	1.76	21	42	31.5	2.454287	0.54	4.3	0.8	0.27	2.16	0.39
Shotcrete truck	1.76	10	20	15	1.757627	0.58	3.1	0.6	0.29	1.55	0.28
Loader	3	60	75	67.5	3.458376	1.95	10.4	1.9	0.97	5.19	0.95
Totals	6.52					3.07	17.79	3.25	1.53	8.89	1.62

Very conservative assumptions on laoder

AP-42 13.2.2 equation (1a), updated 12/03, for unpaved road traffic on an industrial site with precip reduction from AP-42 13.2.2.2 equ 2

$$E = k \left(\frac{s}{12}\right)^a \left(\frac{W}{3}\right)^b \left(\frac{365 - P}{365}\right)$$

 $E = Emission Factor (lb/VMT)^{1}$ 

s = surface material silt content (%)

W = mean vehicle weight (tons)

a, b, k = emipirical constants

P = number of days in a year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation

□ Roads are covered with gravel/crush limestone
 □□□ The mean silt content is 6.4% (Table 6-2, WRAP Fugitive Dust Handbook, 2006).

Constants	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	PM		
k	0.15	1.5	4.9		
a	0.9	0.9	0.7		
b	0.45	0.45	0.45		

6.4

P=

0 underground

### Cumulative underground emissions exhausting from the mine

1		Jncontrolle	d	Controlled				
	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/yr		
NO2	4.8	25.7	4.7	4.82	25.7	4.69		
SO2	0.6	3.0	0.6	0.57	3.0	0,55		
co	19.0	101.2	18.5	18.98	101.2	18.48		
PM-10	3.2	20.2	3.4	1.58	10.1	1.72		

Model source name EP1601

Modeled as a volume source at the 15' high mine portal where the mine ventilation system releases into ambient air

# Appendix E Air Quality Modeling Support Documents

# Attachment 1 Modeling Protocol Approval Letter



1410 NORTH HILTON, BOISE, ID 83706 · (208) 373-0502

C. L. "Butch" Otter, Governor Toni Hardesty, Director

April 7, 2008

Chris Johnson CJ Environmental

RE: Modeling Protocol for the Idaho Cobalt Project, Formation Capital Corporation, U.S., Facility Located near Salmon, Idaho

#### Dear Chris:

DEQ received your dispersion modeling protocol on March 27, 2008. The modeling protocol was submitted on behalf of the Formation Capital Corporation, U.S., located in Salmon, Idaho, for the proposed Idaho Cobalt Project, located approximately 25 miles west of Salmon, Idaho. The modeling protocol proposes methods and data for use in the ambient impact analyses to support a Permit to Construct application for a proposed Greenfield facility consisting of an underground cobalt and copper mining operation and an associated milling plant.

The modeling protocol has been reviewed and DEQ has the following comments:

- Comment 1: The application should provide documentation and justification for stack parameters used in the modeling analyses, clearly showing how stack gas temperatures and flow rates were estimated. Include calculations and assumptions. In most instances, applicants should use typical parameters, not maximum temperatures and flow rates.
  - If information was provided by a manufacturer or engineering design firm, include a copy of the documentation they provided as the basis for the design parameters. For area and volume sources include all assumptions and calculations used to generate the model inputs.
- Comment 2: The proposed receptor grid of receptors appears reasonable. However, it
  is the applicant's responsibility to use a sufficiently tight receptor network such that the
  maximum modeled concentration is reasonably resolved. If DEQ conducts verification
  modeling analyses with a tighter receptor grid and compliance with standards is no longer
  demonstrated, the permit will be denied.
- Comment 3: Provide a complete, scaled facility plot plan that includes the locations of all emissions sources and buildings with the permit application. All building dimensions must be included either in the plot plan or be cross-referenced in a table. This document should be independent of the modeling input file and will be used to verify source and structure locations.

- Comment 4: Provide a detailed description of the determination of the ambient air boundary. The facility must prevent public access inside the ambient air boundary using methods described in the *Idaho Air Modeling Guideline*. It is not clear whether the Formation Capital Corporation, U.S., can legally prohibit public access to areas within the ambient air boundary, as described in the modeling protocol. Stream crossings, infrequency of hunting and camping uses, and lack of vistas on public lands do not adequately support legal control of public access. DEQ must evaluate ambient air boundaries on the basis of legal control of public access to the property.
- Comment 5: If a revised ambient air boundary is used, re-evaluate whether the buildings that were excluded from the BPIP-PRIME input file should be included to assess the effects of building downwash.
- Comment 6: DEQ permitting staff has not reviewed the emission inventory submitted in the modeling protocol for completeness and accuracy. Review will be conducted after the official permit application is received by DEQ.
- Comment 7: The ambient impact analyses may be performed with a single year of 2004 on-site surface meteorological data, provided all other upper air and surface data for the Missoula and Great Falls, Montana stations are also 2004 data. DEQ will not approve the use of any AERMET-processed meteorological data set(s) using data from different years. If this project uses the 2004 on-site surface met data, provide a detailed description of the on-site met data and site, including UTM coordinates and elevation of the met station, and the quality assurance/quality control of the data. Also, submit all intermediary AERMET processing files.

If you are unable to obtain the data needed to generate a complete AERMOD-ready met file for 2004, which uses, in part, on-site met data, perform the modeling analyses using both 5-year data sets for Idaho Falls/Roberts, Idaho and Paul, Idaho. These are regarded as non-representative met files for the Idaho Cobalt facility's location, and the highest second high values should be used as design concentrations for all pollutants with averaging periods of 24 hours or less. If only one 5-year met data set is used for the modeling analyses, add an additional 20% to the design concentrations to account for the non-representative met data.

DEQ's modeling staff considers the submitted dispersion modeling protocol, with resolution of the additional items noted above, to be approved. It should be noted, however, that the approval of this modeling protocol is not meant to imply approval of a completed dispersion modeling analysis. Please refer to the *State of Idaho Air Quality Modeling Guideline*, which is available on the Internet at <a href="http://www.deq.state.id.us/air/permits\_forms/permitting/modeling\_guideline.pdf">http://www.deq.state.id.us/air/permits\_forms/permitting/modeling\_guideline.pdf</a>, for further guidance. Please submit a revised modeling protocol if you would like DEQ's review and approval prior to submitting the air quality permit application.

To ensure a complete and timely review of the final analysis, our modeling staff requests that electronic copies of all modeling input and output files (including BPIP, raw meteorological data files, AERMAP input and output files, and AERMET input and output files) are submitted with an analysis report if a different dataset than provided to you by DEQ is used for this project. If you have any further questions or comments, please contact me at (208) 373-0536.

Sincerely,

Darrin Mehr

Darrin Mehr Air Quality Analyst Idaho Department of Environmental Quality

#### Attachment 2

## Proposed Responses to IDEQ Protocol Approval Comment

#### ICP Planned Response To IDEQ Modeling Approval Comments

This document indicates the responses Formation Capital Corp. plans to include in the Idaho Cobalt Project (ICP) air permit application in response to Idaho DEQ Modeling Protocol Approval letter comments. We request IDEQ written concurrence with these proposed responses, or specific recommendations if IDEQ has any concern with the proposed methodologies.

IDEQ Protocol Approval Comments are listed in Italics, generally shortened here but intended to reflect the entire IDEQ comment in the Protocol Approval letter, and numbered as per the IDEQ letter. The proposed response follows in regular text format

- 1 Applicant should document and defend stack parameters
  There are only two point sources included in the modeling. Stack parameters for both new pieces of equipment are straight from manufacturer's specifications. All model fugitive source model source parameter derivation will also be documented consistent with recent IDEQ precedent.
  - 2 Applicant's responsibility to ensure a receptor network with sufficient detail and resolution

The submittal modeling will include no more than 50 meter grid spacing anywhere on the property boundary within 500 meters of a model emission source or directly downwind from one. Near model sources, the ambient air boundary receptor grid spacing will be no more than 25 meters. The receptor network will include 50 meter grid spacing out to at least 100 meters near every area where boundary grid spacing is 50 meters or less. Because almost all model sources are fugitives, the receptor network will extend out 1 kilometer from the boundary, with increased grid spacing beyond 100m. In the unlikely event the model predicted maximum impact does not occur within the 50 meter grid spacing, a fine receptor network will be added to ensure at least 25 meter grid spacing in the vicinity of the model predicted maximum impact.

- 3 Provide a complete, scaled plot plan including emission sources and buildings. There will be a scaled plot plan with the permit application that makes the ambient air boundary, all buildings and emission sources clear. The modeling report will also include a figure showing the same information as gridded in the model, with UTM coordinates.
- 4 Describe and Defend the Ambient Air Boundary
  As a result of the pre-application meeting discussion, we will use the ICP claim boundary as the public access and ambient air boundary. Access can be controlled at that boundary, within which ICP will have approval to operate, mine, and control access around all activity areas. ICP plans to train staff to recognize and discourage unauthorized access. As noted during the

discussion and in the modeling protocol, public access is further controlled by locked gates miles down the road and inaccessible terrain at this high elevation location in the mountains.

- 5 Reconsider building for downwash if Ambient Air Boundary is used All buildings with 5 building dimensions (largest of length, width, or height) will be included in the modeling analysis. That is expected to include only the crusher and concentrator buildings at the mill site.
  - 6 IDEQ has not yet reviewed the emission inventory, so protocol does not imply emission inventory concurrence

That is understood. A copy of the June 9, 2008 draft emission inventory was shared with IDEQ project permit analyst Morrie Lewis and modeling representative Darrin Mehr to provide a preview of how we estimated underground emission calculation as promised in the preapplication meeting. That draft EI identifies all model source names and emissions. We have requested IDEQ concurrence on the underground emission calculations and parameterization, and would appreciate and react to any other comments IDEQ might have, with the goal of providing a complete permit application.

7 Met data file options / requirements; One year onsite with specified NWS surface and upper air run through AERMET, options using 5 years or 10 years of questionably representative IDEQ supplied AERMOD ready met files

We purchased the recommended 2004 Missoula surface and Great Falls upper air data, and processed the onsite met data through AERMET to be model ready. The modeling submittal will be based upon this 2004 onsite met data file consistent with IDEQ recommendations in the Protocol Approval letter. Complete documentation of the met data processing will be submitted.

#### Attachment 3

## IDEQ Concurrence with Proposed Protocol Comment Responses

RE: Modeling protocol for Idaho Cobalt

From:

Darrin.Mehr@deq.idaho.gov

Sent:

Tue 6/17/08 5:59 PM

To:

cjenv@hotmail.com

Cc:

Kevin.Schilling@deq.idaho.gov; Morrie.Lewis@deq.idaho.gov;

amcfarland@formcap.com

#### Chris.

I've looked at Idaho Cobalt's email responses to the April 7, 2008 modeling protocol approval letter and have comments on a couple of the responses.

#### Item 1

1 Describe and Defend the Ambient Air Boundary

As a result of the pre-application meeting discussion, we will use the ICP claim boundary as the public access and ambient air boundary. Access can be controlled at that boundary, within which ICP will have approval to operate, mine, and control access around all activity areas. ICP plans to train staff to recognize and discourage unauthorized access. As noted during the discussion and in the modeling protocol, public access is further controlled by locked gates miles down the road and inaccessible terrain at this high elevation location in the mountains.

The protocol states that the Idaho Cobalt Project claim boundary will be used as the ambient air boundary. Please describe the legal basis for legally restricting public access using any legal provisions and/or determinations provided by government regulations and government entities that regulate unpatented mining claims. Based on the initial pre-application meeting with you and Conrad Parrish, Bill Rogers, Morrie Lewis, and myself, it was understood that all of Idaho Cobalt's mining claims will be unpatented mining claims, and that unpatented mining claims are not necessarily viewed as private property, as is the case with patented mining claims.

Consider the following points as a non-exclusive list of relevant topics for your consideration in the ambient air boundary determination:

If the government entity/entities that regulate Idaho Cobalt's land use, ownership/lease rights on these parcels allow for the use of additional gating at any other roadway access point in addition to the Noranda/Blackbird Mine gate, please state if that is Idaho Cobalt's intent to do so to restrict public access.

Would all areas of the unpatented mining claims be under active control by Idaho Cobalt? Considerations include whether active use will occur on all claims considered to be within the ambient air boundary, and whether Idaho Cobalt staff have the capability of direct visual observation of all of these areas. Would Idaho Cobalt post any no trespassing signage at any locations around the ambient air boundary if they have the legal right to exclude public access from the claim areas?

#### Item 2

The map provided in your June 9<sup>th</sup> email provides a plot plan depicting the emission sources associated with the proposed project. Please submit a plot plan that shows the entire ambient air boundary with the

permit application. Also, it would be helpful to see an overlay of Idaho Cobalt's mining claims on a topographic plot plan of the site.

Please let me know if you have any questions. Morrie and I are looking forward to working with you and Idaho Cobalt in developing their Permit to Construct.

Best Regards,

Darrin

Darrin Mehr

Air Quality Analyst

Monitoring, Modeling & Emissions Inventory

Idaho Department of Environmental Quality

Phone: 208-373-0536 Fax: 208-373-0143

e-mail: Darrin.Mehr@deq.idaho.gov

#### Attachment 4

### **BPIP-Prime Run Summary**

#### File ICP.SUM

BEE-Line Software Version: 9.95

Input File - ICP.PRW
Input File - ICP.PIP
Output File - ICP.TAB
Output File - ICP.SUM
Output File - ICP.SO

BPIP (Dated: 04274)

DATE : 03/18/2008 TIME : 05:30:14 PM

C:\Formation\ICP.BST BEESTWin BPIP-Prime Files 3/18/2008 5:30:13 PM

BPIP PROCESSING INFORMATION:

EPIP PROCESSING INFORMATION:

The P flag has been set for preparing downwash related data for a model run utilizing the PRIME algorithm.

Inputs entered in METERS will be converted to meters using a conversion factor of 1.0000. Output will be in meters.

The UTMP variable is set to UTMY. The input is assumed to be in UTM coordinates. BPIP will move the UTM origin to the first pair of UTM coordinates read. The UTM coordinates of the new origin will be subtracted from all the other UTM coordinates entered to form this new local coordinate system.

Plant north is set to 0.00 degrees with respect to True North.

C:\Formation\ICP.BST BEESTWin BPIP-Prime Files 3/18/2008 5:30:13 PM

## PRELIMINARY\* GEP STACK HEIGHT RESULTS TABLE (Output Units: meters)

Stack Name	Stack Height	Stack-Building Base Elevation Differences	GEP** EQN1	Preliminary* GEP Stack Height Value
DSTCOLSK	10.97	-5.25	36.49	65.00
BKUPGEN	0.91	-0.59	44.02	65.00

- \* Results are based on Determinants 1 & 2 on pages 1 & 2 of the GEP Technical Support Document. Determinant 3 may be investigated for additional stack height credit. Final values result after Determinant 3 has been taken into consideration.
- \*\* Results were derived from Equation 1 on page 6 of GEP Technical Support Document. Values have been adjusted for any stack-building base elevation differences.

Note: Criteria for determining stack heights for modeling emission

limitations for a source can be found in Table 3.1 of the GEP Technical Support Document.

BPIP (Dated: 04274)

DATE : 03/18/2008 TIME : 05:30:14 PM

C:\Formation\ICP.BST BEESTWin BPIP-Prime Files 3/18/2008 5:30:13 PM

BPIP output is in meters

SO BUILDHGT	DSTCOLSK	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
SO BUILDHGT	DSTCOLSK	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
SO BUILDHGT	DSTCOLSK	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
SO BUILDHG	DSTCOLSK	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
SO BUILDHG	DSTCOLSK	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
SO BUILDHG	DSTCOLSK	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50
SO BUILDWII	DSTCOLSK	32.93	26.59	28.98	34.97	39.91	43.63
SO BUILDWII	DSTCOLSK	46.02	47.02	46.58	44.74	41.53	42.88
SO BUILDWII	DSTCOLSK	45.60	46.94	46.85	45.34	42.45	38.27
SO BUILDWII	DSTCOLSK	32.93	26.59	28.98	34.97	39.91	43.63
SO BUILDWII	DSTCOLSK	46.02	47.02	46.58	44.74	41.53	42.88
SO BUILDWII	DSTCOLSK	45.60	46.94	46.85	45.34	42.45	38.27
SO BUILDLE	1 DSTCOLSK	44.74	41.53	42.88	45.60	46.94	46.85
SO BUILDLE	N DSTCOLSK	45.34	42.45	38.27	32.93	26.59	28.98
SO BUILDLEN	1 DSTCOLSK	34.97	39.91	43.63	46.02	47.02	46.58
SO BUILDLE	1 DSTCOLSK	44.74	41.53	42.88	45.60	46.94	46.85
SO BUILDLE	N DSTCOLSK	45.34	42.45	38.27	32.93	26.59	28.98
SO BUILDLE	1 DSTCOLSK	34.97	39.91	43.63	46.02	47.02	46.58
SO XBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-31.69	-33.58	-37.34	-41.32	-44.04	-45.43
SO XBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-45.43	-44.06	-41.34	-37.38	-32.27	-30.95
SO XBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-30.93	-29.98	-28.11	-25.39	-21.90	-17.74
SO XBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-13.04	-7.95	-5.54	-4.29		-1.43
SO XBADJ	DSTCOLSK	0.09	1.60	3.07	4.44	5.68	1.97
SO XBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-4.04	-9.93	-15.51	-20.63	-25.12	-28.84
SO YBADJ	DSTCOLSK	20.91	18.98	16.46	13.45	10.03	6.30
SO YBADJ	DSTCOLSK	2.38	-1.61	-5.55	-9.33	-12.82	-15.90
SO YBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-18.51	-20.57	-22.00	-22.76	-22.83	-22.21
SO YBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-20.91	-18.98	-16.46	-13.45	-10.03	-6.30
SO YBADJ	DSTCOLSK	-2.38	1.61	5.55	9.33	12.82	15.90

SO	YBADJ	DSTCOLSK	18.51	20.57	22.00	22.76	22.83	22.21
SO	BUILDHGT	BKUPGEN	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37
SO	BUILDHGT	BKUPGEN	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37
SO	BUILDHGT	BKUPGEN	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37
SO	BUILDHGT	BKUPGEN	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37
SO	BUILDHGT	BKUPGEN	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37
SO	BUILDHGT	BKUPGEN	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37	17.37
SO	BUILDWID	BKUPGEN	37.78	30.03	33.10	40.43	46.53	51.22
SO	BUILDWID	BKUPGEN	54.35	55.83	55.62	53.72	50.18	51.71
SO	BUILDWID	BKUPGEN	54.64	55.90	55.47	53.35	49.62	44.37
SO	BUILDWID	BKUPGEN	37.78	30.03	33.10	40.43	46.53	51.22
SO	BUILDWID	BKUPGEN	54.35	55.83	55.62	53.72	50.18	51.71
SO	BUILDWID	BKUPGEN	54.64	55.90	55.47	53.35	49.62	44.37
SO	BUILDLEN	BKUPGEN	53.72	50.18	51.71	54.64	55.90	55.47
SO	BUILDLEN	BKUPGEN	53.35	49.62	44.37	37.78	30.03	33.10
SO	BUILDLEN	BKUPGEN	40.43	46.53	51.22	54.35	55.83	55.62
SO	BUILDLEN	BKUPGEN	53.72	50.18	51.71	54.64	55.90	55.47
SO	BUILDLEN	BKUPGEN	53.35	49.62	44.37	37.78	30.03	33.10
SO	BUILDLEN	BKUPGEN	40.43	46.53	51.22	54.35	55.83	55.62
SO	XBADJ	BKUPGEN	-57.48	-54.36	-52.88	-51.28	-48.12	-43.50
SO	XBADJ	BKUPGEN	-37.56	-30.47	-22.46	-13.77	-4.66	-1.26
SO	XBADJ	BKUPGEN	-0.47	0.34	1.14	1.91	2.61	3.24
SO	XBADJ	BKUPGEN	3.77	4.18	1.18	-3.35	-7.78	-11.97
SO	XBADJ	BKUPGEN	-15.80	-19.14	-21.91	-24.01	-25.38	-31.83
SO	XBADJ	BKUPGEN	-39.96	-46.87	-52.36	-56.26	-58.45	-58.86
SO	YBADJ	BKUPGEN	-5.12	-10.36	-15.29	-19.75	-23.61	-26.75
SO	YBADJ	BKUPGEN	-29.08	-30.53	-31.05	-30.63	-29.27	-27.03
SO	YBADJ	BKUPGEN	-23.96	-20.17	-15.77	-10.88	-5.66	-0.28
SO	YBADJ	BKUPGEN	5.12	10.36	15.29	19.75	23.61	26.75
SO	YBADJ	BKUPGEN	29.08	30.53	31.05	30.63	29.27	27.03
SO	YBADJ	BKUPGEN	23.96	20.17	15.77	10.88	5.66	0.28

## Appendix F

## IDEQ Pre-Permit Construction PTC Application Completeness Checklist

#### COMPLETENESS DETERMINATION CHECKLIST

Company Name Formation Capital Corp.						
Location Salmon Idaho						
Project Idaho Cobalt Project 15-Day Pre-Construction Approval PTC Application						
Reviewer Chris Johnson	<b>Date</b> 6-20-2008					

## IDEQ 15-Day Pre-Permit Construction Approval Application Completeness Checklist, and Documentation of the ICP application's compliance assuring a complete application

By meeting those completeness requirements, the application also meets all requirements on the IDEQ Minor Source Permit To Construct Application Completeness Checklist, which are duplicative.

- I. Actions Needed Before Submitting Application
- (YES / NO)
- y Refer to the Rule. Read the Pre-Permit Construction requirements contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.213.
  - PTC Requirements in IDAPA 58.01.01.200-228 have been reviewed, and followed in this PTC application.
- y <u>Refer to DEQ's Pre-Permit Construction Approval Guidance Document.</u> DEQ has developed a guidance document to aid applicants in submitting a complete pre-permit construction approval application.
  - The IDEQ Pre-Permit Construction Approval Guidance Document was used as a reference for developing the permit application. The application structure exactly matches the recommendation in that document. This document verifies that everything necessary for a complete application is included and locatable.
- y <u>Consult with DEQ Representatives</u>. Schedule a meeting with DEQ to discuss application requirements before submitting the pre-permit construction approval application. The meeting can be in person or on the phone. Contact DEQ's Air Quality Permit Coordinator at (208) 373-0502 to schedule the meeting.
  - We held a pre-application meeting at IDEQ on April 7, 2008. We followed up that discussion by working with IDEQ Permit Engineer Morrie Lewis and Modeling Representative Darrin Mehr to verify their recommendations on details for multiple application components to ensure application completeness and ease of review.
- y <u>Schedule Informational Meeting</u>. Schedule an informational meeting before submitting the pre-permit construction approval application for the purposes of satisfying IDAPA 58.01.01.213.02.a. The purpose for the informational meeting is to provide information about the proposed project to the general public. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

We drew up plans to announce and hold the Informational meeting well in advance of the permit application. The copy of the Affidavit of Publication and the announcement in the July 10<sup>th</sup> and July 17th Recorder Herald in Salmon, Idaho in Appendix C documents the scheduled July 21 informational meeting All meeting plans and documentation are designed to meet IDAPA 58.01.01.213 requirements.

- y <u>Submit Ambient Air Quality Modeling Protocol</u>. It is recommended that an ambient air quality modeling protocol be submitted to DEQ at least two (2) weeks before the pre-permit construction approval application is submitted.
- y <u>Written DEQ Approved Protocol</u>. Written DEQ approval of the modeling protocol must be received before the prepermit construction approval application is submitted. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

We submitted a Modeling Protocol in March of 2008, and received IDEQ written approval for our modeling protocol before the April 7, 2008 pre-application meeting. Copies of the Protocol and IDEQ's written approval are included in Appendix B of the air quality modeling report in Section 6 of the application. We also documented our plans to respond to IDEQ comments in the protocol approval, and received IDEQ concurrence for those recommendations

#### II. Application Content

Application content should be prepared using the checklist below. The checklist is based on the requirements contained in IDAPA 58.01.01.213 and DEQ's Pre-Permit Construction Approval Guidance Document.

y <u>Pre-Permit Construction Eligibility and Proof of Eligibility</u>. Pre-permit construction approval is available for minor sources and for minor modifications only. Emissions netting and emissions offsets are not allowed to be used. A certified proof of pre-permit construction eligibility must be submitted with the pre-permit construction approval application. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.

The facility Emission Inventory, in Tables 5-1 and 5-2 and in more detail in Appendix D, shows that facility-wide emissions are well below the 250 ton per year criteria pollutant major source category for this non-designated facility, and below the 100 ton per year threshold for Title V major sources. Facility HAP emissions are minimal, and do not approach the HAP major source threshold of 25 tons/yr. Therefore, this proposed action is a minor modification to a minor source. As such, the facility is eligible for the Pre-Permit Construction process being requested here.

y <u>Request to Construct Before Obtaining a Permit to Construct.</u> A letter requesting the ability to construct before obtaining the required permit to construct must be submitted with the pre-permit construction approval application. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

The facility's request for Pre-Permit Construction approval is clearly stated in the subject line and first paragraph of the cover letter accompanying this application, and in the introduction to the application before Section 1.

y Apply for a Permit to Construct. Submit a Permit to Construct application using forms available on DEQ's website

The main text of this application meets those requirements.

y <u>Permit to Construct Application Fee</u>. The permit to construct application fee must be submitted at the time the original pre-permit construction approval application is submitted. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.224.

The \$1000 application fee is enclosed with this application. Appendix C includes a copy of the check.

y <u>Notice of Informational Meeting</u>. Within ten (10) days after the submittal of the pre-permit construction approval application, an information meeting must be held in at least one location in the region where the stationary source will be located. The information meeting must be made known by notice published at least ten (10) days before the information meeting in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the stationary source will be located.

A copy of this notice, as published, must be submitted with the pre-permit construction approval application. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.02.a.

As mentioned above, a copy of the announcement in the July 10<sup>th</sup> and July 17th 2008 Recorder Herald in Appendix C documents the scheduled July 21 Informational meeting.

y <u>Process Description(s)</u>. The process or processes for which pre-permit construction approval is requested must be described in sufficient detail and clarity such that a member of the general public not familiar with air quality can clearly understand the proposed project. A process flow diagram is required for each process for which pre-permit construction approval is requested. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

See Section 1 of the application for the process description.

A brief summary of the process(es) proposed: The proposed action consists of an underground mine with occasional blasting, loaders and trucks to transport ore, a tram hopper bin and tram to transport or to the crusher building, ore and waste rock stockpiles at the crusher building, loaders feeding the crusher building feed hopper, crushing and screening operations in an enclosed building vented through a baghouse, an enclosed conveyor transporting fine ore to a bin whose only vent is filtered, enclosed ore transport into a concentrator building where the ore is wetted, transport of refined ore offsite, a small pile of wet tailings outside the concentrator building that is cleared daily, a cement silo with a baghouse as the only vent and fully enclosed transfer to the concentrator building, loaders filling trucks with waste rock and tailings, transport of those materials to the Tailings and Waste Storage Facility where they're dumped, compacted, and revegetated, and a topsoil stockpile intermittently active and otherwise revegetated.

<u>Equipment List.</u> All equipment that will be used for which pre-permit construction approval is requested must be described in detail. Such description includes, but is not limited to, manufacturer, model number or other descriptor, serial number, maximum process rate, proposed process rate, maximum heat input capacity, stack height, stack diameter, stack gas flowrate, stack gas temperature, etc. All equipment that will be used for which pre-permit construction approval is requested must be clearly labeled on the process flow diagram. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

The vast majority of the proposed equipment to be constructed would involve only well controlled fugitive particulate emissions. The only non-fugitive sources proposed are an emergency generator and a Crusher building baghouse. Two bins with filtered vents, one for fine ore going into the concentrator and one for cement, are identified as area sources. The equipment proposed is discussed in the detailed process descriptions in Section 1, and documented in the IDEQ EU forms in Appendix A and in the facility emission inventory in Appendix D. Appendix B provides a detailed equipment list.

y <u>Scaled Plot Plan</u>. It is recommended that a scaled plot plan be included in the pre-permit construction approval application and must clearly label the location of each proposed process and the equipment that will be used in the process.

Section 6 includes a scaled plot plan. Figures in the Modeling Report in Section 7 show the facility location on a USGS topographic map, and the model sources and claim boundary on UTM coordinates. The initial figure in the Process flow Diagram in Section 2 also includes the location of all facility activity locations on a topographic map.

Proposed Emissions Limits and Modeled Ambient Concentration for All Regulated Air Pollutants. All proposed emission limits and modeled ambient concentrations for all regulated air pollutants must demonstrate compliance with all applicable air quality rules and regulations. Regulated air pollutants include criteria air pollutants (PM<sub>10</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, CO, lead), toxic air pollutants listed pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.01.585 and 586, and hazardous air pollutants listed pursuant to Section 112 of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (go to <a href="http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/188polls.html">http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/188polls.html</a>). Describe in detail how the proposed emissions limits and modeled ambient concentrations demonstrate compliance with each applicable air quality rule and regulation. It is requested that emissions calculations, assumptions, and documentation be submitted with

sufficient detail so DEQ can verify the validity of the emissions estimates. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

Section 7 of this application provides the air quality modeling report, which was prepared consistent with the IDEQ-approved Modeling Protocol. The facility emission inventory is based upon equipment capacity. No permit limits are proposed.

y Restrictions on Source's Potential To Emit

No such restrictions are proposed, except for the emergency generator meeting IDAPA requirements for emergency use of less than 500 hours per year.

y <u>List all Applicable Requirements.</u> All applicable requirements must be cited by the rule or regulation section/subpart that applies for each emissions unit. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.c.

Section 3 documents all applicable regulatory requirements, and compliance of the proposed action.

y <u>Certification of Pre-Permit Construction Approval Application</u>. The pre-permit construction approval application must be signed by the Responsible Official and must contain a certification signed by the Responsible Official. The certification must state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. Refer to IDAPA 58.01.01.213.01.d and IDAPA 58.01.01.123.

The required certifications are included on Form GI in Appendix A of this application.

y <u>Submit the Pre-Construction Approval Application.</u> Submit the pre-permit construction approval application to the following address:

Air Quality Program Office – Application Processing Department of Environmental Quality 1410 North Hilton Boise, ID 83706-1255